



THE SARAWAK TIMBER INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION ORDINANCE, 1973

**THE SARAWAK TIMBER INDUSTRY (REGISTRATION)
REGULATIONS, 2008**

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

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ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

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THE SARAWAK TIMBER INDUSTRY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION ORDINANCE, 1973

THE SARAWAK TIMBER INDUSTRY (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS, 2008

(Made under section 24)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Sarawak Timber Industry Development Corporation Ordinance, 1973 (Ord. No. 3/73), the Majlis Mesyuarat Kerajaan Negeri, has made the following Regulations:

Citation and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Sarawak Timber Industry (Registration) Regulations, 2008, and shall come into force on the 1st day of July, 2008.

Interpretation

2. In these Regulations –

“bamboo” means indigenous trees or giant grasses that are “inward” growers and not “timber” trees, and have hollow stems;

“bark” means the outer covering of exogenous, or timber, trees, which protects the cambium layer, the removal will destroys the tree;

“belian and melagangai sawn timber” means the sawn timber produced from the botanical genera *Eusideroxylon*. & *Potoxylon* respectively;

“bio composite product” means goods of biological origin other than wood, derived from forests, other wooded land and trees outside forests;

“block board” means wood-based core plywood, the core of which is made of strips of solid wood or other wood-based materials more than 7 mm wide but not wider than 30 mm, that may or not may not be glued together;

“briquette” means a moulded block of compacted wood or coal dust for fuel;

“broom” means a brush on the end of a long handle, used for sweeping;

“canes” means the hollow jointed stem of giant reeds and grasses or the solid stem of rattan and slender palm;

“cement bonded particleboard” means board made from wood particles chemically treated and mixed with Ordinary Portland Cement (OPC) as a binder, compressed and cured in temperature controlled conditions until the optimum hydration temperature of cement is achieved;

“centre core” means the centre part of a log the outer layer of which has been peeled for veneers;

“charcoal” means the carbonaceous material obtained by the imperfect combustion of wood or other organic substances. It is used as gas absorber (respirators) and for burning to supply fire and heat;

“coffin” means the box or case in which a corpse is placed for burial;

“cordwood” means wood for conversion to woodchip, charcoal burning, charcoal briquette and firewood;

“core veneer” means a sheet of wood of uniform thickness used to form the inner plies in a sheet of plywood;

“cork, bark based products” means floats, stoppers or plugs made of wood including bark;

“cooperage” means the manufacture of containers consisting of one or a pair of round wooden headings enclosing a body composed of straight or curved staves bound together by hoops of metal, wire, etc.;

“coconut trunk” means the thick main stem of a coconut (*Cocos nucifera*) tree;

“crate” means wooden case for packing goods;

“door” means a movable barrier of wood or other material commonly turning in hinges or sliding in a groove, for closing and opening a passage or opening into a building or room;

“door frame” means a solid frame for a door, as distinct from door linings. It consists of stiles and head, and a transome if there is a fanlight;

“doorskin” means moulded fibreboard panel that form as face material of a door;

“dowel” means wood having round and smooth profile with or without groove used as broom sticks and handles or as types of joints in place of a mortise and tenon;

“drum” means wooden container or receptacle of cylindrical shape;

“dunnage” means wooden material stowed under or among cargo to prevent wetting or chafing;

“dye” means a colour substance extracted from trees;

“fibreboard” means wood-based panel product usually exceeding 1.5 mm in thickness manufactured from fibres of ligno-cellulosic material with the primary bond usually deriving from the felting of the fibres and their inherent adhesive properties;

“fruits” means a part of a plant or tree that is formed after the flowers have died and in which seeds develop;

“flitch” means a large piece of a log, sawn or hewn, waned, bevel edged or square edged, suitable for further conversion;

“furniture” means movable articles, as tables, chairs, bedsteads, desks, cabinets, etc., required for use or ornament in a house, office, or the like;

“furniture part” means individual item or component which can be assembled together to make complete furniture;

“glued laminated timber” means products that consists of layers of timber with faces held together by adhesive, with their grain approximately parallel;

“handicraft” means any artistic item produced by a craftsman;

“hardboard” means a panel manufactured primarily from interfelted ligno-cellulosic fibres (usually wood) consolidate under heat and pressure in a hot press to a density usually exceeding 800 kg/m³;

“hewn timber” means timber with or without wane, cut to size by axe, adze or chainsaw;

“high density fireboard” means fibre board manufactured by a dry process, in which the primary bond is derived from a bonding agent, that has a density exceeding 800 kg/m³;

“honey” means a sweet sticky yellow substance made by bees;

“insecticide” means any preparation that will destroy insects;

“joinery” means wood fixtures of buildings such as doors, windows and paneling etc;

“kitchen cabinet/fitting” means cupboards, dressers, racks, shelves, drawers, tables etc. use for the storage and preparation of food;

“laminated board” means a board made up of strips of wood several layers of solid wood glued together side to side, normally used for making container or truck floorings;

“laminated post” means a post made up of solid wood glued or bonded together with grain running in the same direction;

“laminated veneer lumber” means an assembly of veneers laminated with adhesive in which the grain direction of the outer veneers, and all of the other veneers, is in the longitudinal direction;

“loadboard” means a wooden device to disperse weight from a product to deck components, directly support the weight down to the ground;

“log” means a length cut from stem or large branch of a tree from which timber is to be sawn, peeled, hewn or otherwise processed;

“latex” means milky juice in plants;

“low density fibre board” means fibre board manufactured by a dry process, in which the primary bond is derived from a bonding agent, that has a density usually below 650 kg/m³;

“manufacture of timber” includes the processing of timber and the production and manufacture of goods or products, of whatever description from timber as listed in the First Schedule;

“medium density fibreboard” means fibre board manufactured by a dry process, in which the primary bond is derived from a bonding agent, that has a density usually 660 kg/m³ to 860 kg/m³.

“moulding” means a piece of timber wrought into long regular profiles as for architraves, window stock or trim, machined to a specified profile, can also be the interior trim of all kinds;

“nibong trunk” means timber cut from Nibong trees (*Oncosperma tigillarum*);

“oil palm trunk” means the thick main stem of an Oil Palm tree;

“oriented strand board” means board made from strands of wood of predetermined shape and thickness together with a binder. The strands in the outer layers are aligned and parallel to the board length or with the strands in the centre layer or layers can be randomly oriented or aligned, generally at right angles to the strands of the external layers;

“packing block” means a wooden chocking material used to check movement of packed goods;

“pallet” means a moveable wooden platform on which goods are placed for storage or transportation;

“paper” means a product manufactured from rags, straw, wood or other fibrous materials usually in thin sheets, for writing, or printing on, wrapping things in, or packaging;

“parquet flooring” means flooring of matching small pieces of wood, usually laid in geometrical patterns, the latter sometimes being enhanced by using woods of various colours;

“particleboard” means panel product manufactured under pressure from particles of wood or other ligno-cellulosic materials and a binder;

“particle block” means block product of any shapes and sizes manufactured under pressure from particles of wood or other ligno-cellulosic materials and binder;

“picture frame” means an enclosing border or case for holding picture;

“plywood” means wood-based panel product consisting of a assembly of plies bonded together. Normally the direction of the grain in adjacent plies is at right angles, with the outer and inner placed symmetrically on each side of a central ply or core;

“planed timber” means sawn timber that has been machined for its full length and/or machined on one or more surfaces to specified tolerances at an appropriate moisture content;

“pole” means any considerable length of round timber below law log size treated with preservatives;

“railway sleeper” means timber sawn or hewn into sizes varying with different railway gauges to support rails for railway tracks;

“resin” means yellowish brown, transparent or translucent solidified plants products such as amber, gum anime and copal;

“rotary cut veneer” means a sheet of wood of uniform thickness produced by rotary or semi rotary cutting from log;

“rubberwood” means timber cut from rubber trees (*Hevea braziliensis*);

“sap sugar” means sugar extracts from tree sap;

“sale, distribution or marketing of timber”, means the business of, or any activity relating to the selling, supplying, transporting, exporting, importing, trading, treating, seasoning or storage of timber or timber products as listed in the First Schedule;

“saw dust” means the finely divided wood incidentally produced by sawing;

“sawn timber” means solid wood product that results from the lengthwise sawing, chipping or laser cutting of timber;

“scented wood” (Gaharu) means the common Malaysian name for the anomalous wood developed in certain species of *Aquilaria malaccensis*, *Aetoxylon* and *Gonystylus*;

“seed” means the small hard part produced by a plant, from which a new plant can grow;

“shingle” means a short thin rectangular pieces of timber, usually tapering in thickness along the grain, used in the same way as tiles usually used as roofs;

“skid” means a wooden chocking material used to check movement of packed goods;

“sliced veneer” means a sheet of wood of uniform thickness that is sliced off a log, baulk or flitch with a knife producing narrow strip veneers with specific desirable wood grain pattern;

“thatching” means roof cover made of laced palm leaves, straw or reeds;

“timber” shall have the same meaning assigned to it in the Forests Ordinance (Cap. 126);

“timber industry” means any business or activity relating to –

(a) the manufacture of timber or timber products; and

(b) the sale, distribution or marketing of timber;

“timber product” means timber which have been processed and any goods or articles or products made or manufactured from timber as listed in the First Schedule;

“turnery” means articles of different shapes made by a lathe or turning machine;

“window” means a glazed wooden grame in an opening to provide light, ventilation or ornamentation;

“window frame” means a solid frame in which the sashes are fixed, hinged, pivoted or sliding in a window;

“wood ash” means the grey or black powder that is left after wood has burnt;

“wooden box” means a case or receptacle, usually rectangular in shape, made of wood, with a lid or removable cover;

“wood chip” means chips or particles of wood for making wood pulp and paper or any ligno-cellulosic products;

“wood chipboard” means particleboard made exclusively of wood from small particles and a binder;

“wooden fence” means wooden material used as an enclosure or barrier around and to protect a building or a piece of ground or garden;

“wooden flooring” means material from wood or its derivative for forming the surface of the floors;

“wooden handle” means part of a thing made from wood, which is intended to be grasped by the hand in using or moving it;

“wooden lattice” means an open network, or trellis, formed of thin and narrow strips of wood crossing each others, used as a screen inside a house or building;

“wood particle” means the fragments produced by mechanical means from wood or other ligno-cellulosic materials that form the aggregate component of particle board;

“wood plastic composite” means a composite material made of plastic and wood;

“wood pulp” means wood reduced to pulp for making paper, fibreboard which are produced mechanically or chemically;

“wood residue” means wood mill or mill residues such as timber off cuts, log ends, centre core and sawdust from wood based mills;

“wooden toy” means an object made from wood, often a small imitation of some familiar thing, for children or others to play with, or otherwise derive amusement;

“wood wool” means shaving used for packing and surgical dressings after treatment which is made from light, straight-grained wood, free from odour, resin and gum, and brittleness when dry;

“wood vinegar” means crude acetic acid obtained from the destructive distillation of wood.

Registration of person involved in timber industry

3. No person shall establish, manage or operate any plant, factory or premises for carrying on any timber industry unless he is registered with the Corporation as required under section 5A of the Ordinance.

Exemption

4. Nothing in these Regulations shall apply to any establishment, management or operation of any plant, factory or premises for carrying on any timber industry operated or carried out by the Government or any Government statutory authority or such other body or persons as the General Manager may, by notification in the **Gazette**, exempt.

Application for registration

5. (1) Any person who desires to be involved in any timber industry shall apply to the Corporation for registration in such form as may be prescribed by the Corporation.

(2) An application for registration shall be accompanied by the appropriate registration fee as prescribed in the Third Schedule and such relevant documents or other information as may be required by the Corporation.

(3) The Corporation may call upon an applicant at any time to furnish all information required for verification of the entries in the application form.

(4) A company which is registered with the Corporation may apply to register a branch of the company in such form as may be prescribed and subject to payment of the fee prescribed in the Third Schedule.

Grounds for refusal

6. (1) The Corporation may refuse an application for registration of a person involved in any timber industry if -

(a) the applicant does not possess a manufacturing permit or licence; or

(b) the applicant does not have a valid certificate of incorporation issued under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 (Act 125) or is not registered under the Business Names Ordinance (Cap.64); or

(c) it is of the opinion that the applicant will not be able to comply with the conditions or restrictions that the Corporation may impose upon registration, or with the requirements of any regulations made under the Sarawak Timber Industry Development Corporation Ordinance, 1973 relating to the establishment, management or operation of any plant, factory or premises for carrying on any timber industry.

Procedure if Corporation approves application

7. (1) If the Corporation approves an application submitted pursuant to regulation 5, it shall notify the applicant to inform him of the approval and the conditions or restrictions that the Corporation has decided to subject the registration to.

(2) The Corporation shall effect registration of the applicant and issue to him a Certificate of Registration in the form prescribed in the Second Schedule.

(3) The particulars of every Certificate of Registration granted under this regulation shall be entered in a Register to be kept by the Corporation in such manner as it may determine.

Period of validity of Certificate of Registration

8. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), every registration under these Regulations shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of which it was effected.

(2) A Certificate of Registration that has been renewed shall continue in force for a period of twelve months next succeeding the date upon which but for its renewal it would have expired.

Notification of refusal

9. If the Corporation refuses an application for registration submitted under regulation 5, it shall notify the applicant in writing of the fact, and shall refund the registration fee.

Compliance with other laws

10. The fact of registration shall not be construed as recognition by the Corporation that the applicant has complied with the requirements of any other written law affecting the activities that the applicant proposes to engage in by virtue of the registration or as excusing him from compliance with those requirements.

Application for renewal of registration

11. (1) An application for renewal of registration shall be made in such form as may be prescribed by the Corporation.

(2) An application for renewal of registration shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee as prescribed in the Third Schedule and may be made within three months before the date of expiry of the registration.

(3) An applicant whose application is received within three months after the date of expiry of the registration may be considered for renewal subject to such terms and conditions as may be imposed by the Corporation, including a penalty for late registration.

Powers to renew registration

12. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Corporation may at any time –

(a) refuse to renew any registration made under these Regulations; or

(b) vary or revoke any of the existing conditions or restrictions subject to which a registration was effected; or

(c) impose additional conditions or restrictions thereto.

(2) The Corporation shall prior to taking any action under paragraph (1), notify its intention to take such action to the registered person and shall call upon him to show cause why his registration should be renewed, or the conditions or restrictions thereto should not be revoked, varied or be imposed with additional conditions and restrictions, as the case may be.

(3) A person called upon to show cause under paragraph (2) –

(a) shall be supplied by the Corporation with the particulars, in writing, of the grounds upon which any action under paragraph (1) is contemplated; and

(b) may, if he so desires, be present at the hearing by the Corporation or be represented thereat by another person authorized by him in writing.

(4) If after the hearing, the Corporation is of the opinion that the person called upon to show cause has failed to show cause, the Corporation may, notwithstanding any criminal action that may be brought against him, take any action under paragraph (1) as contemplated.

(5) A person whose registration has by the refusal of the Corporation, not been renewed–

(a) shall not be registered again for such period, not exceeding two years from the date of the refusal, as the Corporation shall determine at the time of the refusal to renew; and

(b) shall, on being so required by the Corporation in writing, surrender to the Corporation his Certificate of Registration within such period as the Corporation may specify.

(6) Any person who fails to comply with the requirement of the Corporation under paragraph 6(b) shall be guilty of an offence: Penalty, a fine not exceeding two thousand ringgit.

Appeal

13. Any person who is aggrieved by the decision of the Corporation under regulation 6 or 12 may, within one month from the date of the decision is communicated to him, appeal against such decision to the Minister whose decision thereon shall be final.

Fees

14. Fees for registration, renewal of registration and any other business or transaction associated with or connected thereto shall be as prescribed in the Third Schedule.

Replacement of Certificate

15. If any Certificate of Registration issued under regulation 7 is destroyed, defaced, mutilated or lost, the person named therein may, on application to the Corporation and on satisfying that the application is made in good faith, obtain from the Corporation, on payment of the appropriate fee as prescribed in the Third Schedule, a replacement Certificate of Registration which shall be marked "Replacement" thereon.

Contravention of conditions or restrictions of registration

16. Any person who contravenes any of the conditions or restrictions imposed in the Certificate of Registration shall be guilty of an offence: Penalty, a fine not exceeding two thousand ringgit.

Revocation

17. The Sarawak Timber Industry (Registration) Regulations, 1999 ((Swk. L.N 3/99) are revoked:

Provided that nothing herein shall affect the past operation of, or anything done under, the revoked Regulations.

**FIRST SCHEDULE
(Regulation 2)
TIMBER PRODUCTS**

PRODUCTS	STIDC REGISTRATION CODE
GROUP 1: PRIMARY RAW MATERIAL	
Log	0101
Bamboo	0102
Coconut Trunk	0103
Nibong Trunk	0104
Oil Palm Trunk	0105
GROUP 2: SECONDARY RAW MATERIAL	
Wood Chip	0201
Flitch	0202
Hewn Timber	0203
Lumber Core	0204
Pole	0205
Cordwood	0206
Wood Wool (Shaving)	0207
Bark	0208
Canes	0209
Wood Particle	0210
GROUP 3: SOLID TIMBER	
Railway Sleeper	0301
Sawn Timber	0302
Belian Sawn Timber	0303
Melagangai Sawn Timber	0304
Laminated Post	0305
Planed Timber	0306
Rubberwood	0307
GROUP 4: PANEL PRODUCTS AND COMPOSITES	
Sliced Veneer	0401
Rotary Cut Veneer	0402
Core Veneer	0403
Particleboard	0404
Woodchipboard	0405
Oriented Strand Board	0406
Fibreboard	0407
Low Density Fibreboard	0408
Medium Density Fibreboard	0409
High Density Fibreboard	0410

Cement Bonded Particleboard	0411
Plywood	0412
Blockboard	0413
Laminated Veneer Lumber	0414
Laminated Board	0415
Hardboard	0416
Woodplastic Composite	0417
Glued Laminated Timber	0418
Doorskin	0419
Particle Block	0420
GROUP 5: HOUSING COMPONENTS	
Wooden Flooring	0501
Door	0502
Door Frame	0503
Window	0504
Window Frame	0505
Joinery	0506
Shingle	0507
Furniture	0508
Furniture Part	0509
Thatching	0510
GROUP 6: WOOD FOR ORNAMENT	
Dowel	0601
Moulding	0602
Wooden Lattice	0603
Picture Frame	0604
Wooden Toy	0605
Turnery	0606
Handicraft	0607
GROUP 7: PULP & PAPER	
Wood Pulp	0701
Paper	0702
GROUP 8: WOOD PACKAGING MATERIALS	
Pallet	0801
Dunnage	0802
Crate	0803
Packing Block	0804
Drum	0805
Wooden Box	0806
Loadboard	0807
Skid	0808
GROUP 9: OTHER WOODEN ITEMS	
Briquette	0901

Charcoal	0902
Wooden Fence	0903
Wooden Handle	0904
Coffin	0905
Scented Wood (Gaharu)	0906
Bio Composite Product	0907
Cooperage	0908
Cork, Bark Based Product	0909
Broom	0910
Wood Ash	0911
Sawdust	0912
Wood Residue	0913
GROUP 10: FOREST PRODUCE	
Resin	1001
Latex	1002
Dye	1003
Sap Sugar	1004
Honey	1005
Seed	1006
Fruit	1007
Wood Vinegar	1008
Insecticide	1009

**SECOND SCHEDULE
(Regulation 7(2))
CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION**

Serial No:



BK-PUSAKA-REG-01
Version 1.0

**CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION
(Export, Import and Local Sales/Storage of Timber)
THE SARAWAK TIMBER INDUSTRY (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS, 2008
REGULATION 7(2)**

Registration No. **Expiry Date**

Annual Fees

Name of Company	
Address	

Activities	Product Description (Details as overleaf)
Exporter (E)	
Importer (I)	
Local Sale/Storage of Timber (T)	

This is to certify the above company is registered with the Corporation and the registration approval is subject to the Conditions and Restrictions as attached with this Certificate.

General Manager

Dated this _____ day of _____

LIST OF TIMBER PRODUCTS

SPECIAL CONDITIONS / ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
REMARKS

Serial No:



BK-PUSAKA-REG-02
Version 1.0

**CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION
(MANUFACTURE AND ESTABLISHMENT OF MILLS)
THE SARAWAK TIMBER INDUSTRY (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS,
2008
REGULATION 7(2)**

Registration No:

Expiry Date:

Annual Fees:

Name of Company:	
Address:	
Type of Mill and Class:	
ICC/ICA approval/ Sawmill license/Mill Registration reference no:	
Activity	Products Description (Details as overleaf)
MANUFACTURER (M)	

This is to certify the above company is registered with the Corporation and the registration approval is subject to the Terms of Conditions for Registrations of Mills as attached with this Certificate.

General Manager

Dated this _____ day of _____

LIST OF TIMBER PRODUCTS

SPECIAL CONDITIONS / ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
REMARKS

Serial No:



TERMS OF CONDITIONS FOR REGISTRATION OF MILLS

THE SARAWAK TIMBER INDUSTRY (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS, 2008

MILL REGISTRATION NO	:	<input type="text"/>
STIDC REGISTRATION NO.	:	<input type="text"/>
COMPANY'S NAME	:	<input type="text"/>
CLASS	:	<input type="text"/>
TYPE OF MILL	:	<input type="text"/>

A. Location and Site	
1) Divisions: <input type="text"/>	2) District: <input type="text"/>
3) Lot No: <input type="text"/>	4) Block No/Land District: <input type="text"/>
4) Acreage: <input type="text"/>	5) Title to site: <input type="text"/>
6) Name of Industrial Estate:	<input type="text"/>
7) Land Use approval and reference:	<input type="text"/>
B. Production	
1) Approved Product(s) :	<input type="text"/>
2) Project Approval and reference :	<input type="text"/>

C. Description of Mill/Factory/Plant		
No.	Types of Machineries	Units

REMARKS:

This is to certify that, _____
 has been approved to operate a _____ as specified
 above subject to terms of conditions and restrictions made under **The Sarawak Timber Industry
 (Registration) Regulations, 2008.**

.....
General Manager

Dated thisday of.....

**THIRD SCHEDULE
(Regulations 14 and 15)
FEES**

A. For first registration and subsequent registration and renewal of persons involved in timber industry -

Fee per annum (RM)

(1) For manufacture of sawntimber (excluding Belian and Melangangai), Flich and Hewn Timber

RM 100 for each product

(2) For manufacture and establishment of mills for the following products:

PROCESS CATEGORY	PRODUCT TYPES	CLASSIFICATION BY CAPACITY (m ³ /yr)		
		C	B	A
		<10,000 metric tonne	10,000 – 50,000 metric tonne	>50,000 metric tonne
(I) CHIPPING AND SPLITTING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chips • Shingles • Cooperage (barrel, casks, kegs) • Wood Wool (shaving) • Wood particle including wood residue and sawdust • Cork, bark based products • Cordwood 	RM 150	RM 300	RM 550
		<50,000 m ³	50,000 – 100,000 m ³	>100, 000 m ³
(II) BOARD MANUFACTURE I	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Veneer (Peeled and Sliced) • Plywood • Particleboard • Cement Bonded Board • Fibreboard (low, medium & high density) • Oriented Strand Board • Hardboard • Wood plastic composites • Other bio-composites 	RM 500	RM 1,100	RM 2,100
		<30,000 m ³	30,000 – 60,000 m ³	>60, 000 m ³

(III) BOARD MANUFACTURE II	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Laminated Board (plywood, Oriented Strand Board, blockboard, particleboard, fibreboard, wood composites) Blockboard Doorskin Particle Block 	RM 250	RM 550	RM 1,050
		<50,000 m ³	50,000 – 100,000 m ³	>100,000 m ³
(IV) FINISHING OF PANEL PRODUCTS (BOARD)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coated Board (plywood, fibreboard, particleboard, wood chipboard, Oriented Strand Board wood composites, bio-composites) Overlay Board (plywood, fibreboard, particleboard, wood chipboard, Oriented Strand Board, wood composites, bio-composites) 	RM 450	RM 1,050	RM 2,050
		<30,000 m ³	30,000 – 60,000 m ³	>60,000 m ³
(V) ENGINEERED WOOD MANUFACTURE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Laminated Veneer Lumber Glue Laminated (Glulam) Bent wood, Bent plywood, Bent Board, Laminated Post 	RM 450	RM 1,050	RM 2,050
		<5,000 metric tonne	5,000 – 10,000 metric tonne	>10,000 metric tonne
(VI) FUEL MANUFACTURE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Briquettes Charcoal 	RM 100	RM 150	RM 250
		<1,000 m ³	1,000 – 5,000 m ³	>5,000 m ³
(VII) MOULDINGS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mouldings, Picture Frames, Joinery Carving, Toys, Inlay, Lattice, Dowel Turney, Handicraft Door, window Door and window frame Wooden Flooring Wooden Fence Wooden Handle 	RM 100	RM 150	RM 250

(VIII) FURNITURE MANUFACTURE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Furniture including Bamboo and Rattan • Furniture Part and Fitting Cabinet • Coffin 	RM 100	RM 150	RM 250
		<5,000 m ³	5,000 – 10,000 m ³	>10,000 m ³
(IX) WOOD MODIFICATION OR IMPROVEMENT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve mechanical strength • Improve resistance to chemical • Reduce effect of Hygroscopicity • Improve resistance to fire • Wood preservation, Kiln Drying 	RM 150	RM 300	RM 550
		<100,000 adt	100,000 – 350,000 adt	>350,000 adt
(X) PULP AND PAPER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pulp (Mechanical pulp, Chemical pulp and other Fibre pulp) 	RM 450	RM 1,050	RM 2,050
		<100,000 m ³	100,000 – 350,000 m ³	>350,000 m ³
		RM 450	RM 1,050	RM 2,050
		<3,000 m ³	3,000 – 10,000 m ³	>10,000 m ³
		RM 450	RM 1,050	RM 2,050
		<3,000 m ³	3,000 – 10,000 m ³	>10,000 m ³
(XI) WOOD PACKAGING MATERIAL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pallet • Crate • Dunnage • Packing Block • Drums • Wooden Box • LoadBoard • Skid 	RM 150	RM 250	RM 450
		<5,000 metric tonne	5,000 – 10,000 metric tonne	>10,000 metric tone

(XII) OTHER FOREST PRODUCTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wood ashes, bark, tanstuff, cork, insecticide, resin, sap sugar, latex, dye, canes, bamboo, lac, honey, seeds, fruits, broom, thatching, wood vinegar and scented wood (gaharu) 	RM 100	RM 150	RM 250
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B. For persons engaged in more than one product, the fee payable will be the total capacities for the types of products engaged in each process category as in item A(2) above

C. The sale, distribution and marketing of timber

(1) Exporter of:

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| a. Logs | RM 2,000.00 |
| b. Other Timber Products | RM 100.00 |

(2) Importer RM 400.00

(3) Local Sale of Timber/Storage of Timber RM 50.00

D. For persons engaged in more than one activity, the fee payable is the sum of all activities engaged as in item B above –

- | | |
|---|-----------|
| (1) Issuance of Replacement Certificate, per copy | RM 250.00 |
| (2) Search fees, per company | RM 10.00 |
| (3) Extraction of document, per page | RM 2.00 |
| (4) Registration form, per copy | RM 2.00 |
| (5) Establishment of new branch, per company | RM 10.00 |

E. Application For

Fee

(1) Change of Name and Ownership of Mill	RM 250
(2) Amendment of Machinery Layout Plan:	
(a) Class A Mill	RM 500
(b) Class B Mill	RM 300
(c) Class C Mill	RM 100

Made this 19th day of March 2008.



MASBAH BINTI HAJI ARIFFIN,
Clerk to Majlis Mesyuarat Kerajaan Negeri